

INVESTIGATION OF FOOTBALL FIXING INCIDENTS REFLECTION  
AND ITS EFFECT ON TURKISH SOCIETYAkın ÇELİK<sup>1</sup>, Samet ZENGİN<sup>2</sup>, Ö. Kemal HACIÖMEROĞLU<sup>3</sup>*Trabzon University, Trabzon, Turkey*<sup>1</sup>ORCID ID: 0000-0002-2411-5465; *akincelikktu@gmail.com*<sup>2</sup>ORCID ID: 0000-0002-5370-5878; *sametzengin10@gmail.com*<sup>3</sup>ORCID ID: 0000-0002-1712-5112; *kemalozgur5561@hotmail.com*

**Introduction:** The research was carried out to examine how match-fixing incidents in football were reflected on Turkish society and how they impact it.

**Methods:** In this study, survey model was used from quantitative research approaches. The study group consists of 461 participants living in 7 different geographical regions of Turkey. The data were collected by survey technique. A personal information form including age, gender, income status, and the team support status and «A state of belief in match-fixing incidents in Turkish football» questionnaire developed by Vardar and Pepe in 2015 were applied to the participants.

**Results:** When the results of the research were examined, there was a significant difference between the favourite team, gender, income status and belief in match-fixing incidents. However, there wasn't a significant difference between team retention status, age and belief in match-fixing incidents.

**Keywords:** football, match-fixing, Turkish community.